Diverse universe
Working to create a more inclusive community

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- Business Law Clinic powers entrepreneurship
- Student speaks up for immigrants' rights
- Gifts expand scholarship support
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**MESSAGE FROM THE DEAN**

Dear Graduates and Friends,

As 2011 winds down, the School of Law has plenty of accomplishments to celebrate. Our cover story details the law school’s applicant-through-alumni commitment to fostering a diverse community, making our environment inclusive to all regardless of race, ethnicity, gender, religion, sexual orientation, or political affiliation. We’re proud of our progress and look forward to strengthening our diverse community even more.

The generosity of our alumni and other donors makes it possible for the best and brightest students to attend Loyola, regardless of their economic circumstances. We’re especially grateful for the overwhelming scholarship support we recently received from the Gemen Family Foundation and law alumnus Christopher Horley (JD ’84) and his wife, Becky.

The School of Law continues to attract renowned researchers and teachers to our well-rounded faculty. Noted scholars Juan Pena and Matthew Sag have joined our full-time law faculty, and Nora O’Gallaghan is the executive director of Loyola’s new Law and Religion Program, generously funded by University Trustee Barry McCabe.

This fall, we launched the LLM in Rule of Law for Development program at Loyola’s John Pastore Rome Center in Italy, and the Institute for Investor Protection hosted its inaugural symposium. We also dedicated the Dan K. Webb Center for Advocacy, named after one of the nation’s leading trial attorneys and a member of our Class of 1970. In 2010, Dan made a significant financial contribution to support the center.

This issue’s spotlight on faculty research is dedicated to examines research and teaching at Loyola’s new Immigrants Rights Coalition.

Especially if you haven’t been back to campus for a while, please join us for an upcoming event—listed in the Save the Date section—and renew your connection to your law classmates and professors.

We look forward to seeing you soon.

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**Cover Photo:** Student leaders: Ismael Salam (left), Javonne Renee, Ian Reynolds, Asexy K, and Andrew Bacht
Above: The Philip H. Corboy Law Center

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**Legal Briefs**

Loyola University Chicago School of Law continues to lead with innovative curricula and programming. Here’s a sampling of what’s new and notable at the law school.

**Intersections**

**Director of new Law and Religion Program named**

Nora O’Callaghan joined the law school in August as executive director of the new Law and Religion Program. The initiative, which will explore the connections and interplay between the Abrahamic religions and the law, will focus on both private scholarship and public outreach that shares the scholarly dialogue beyond the academic community. The program is supported by a $1 million gift from Dan K. Webb (JD ’70), Dean David Yellen, and Director of Loyola’s Center for Advocacy Jamie Carey.

The inaugural class of students in Loyola’s LLM program in Rule of Law for Development (PROLAW™) is expected to complete their program in August. PROLAW™ is an innovative one-year academic program that will focus on the practical aspects of rule of law advising. The initiative is aimed at strengthening the quality and sustainability of rule of law initiatives throughout the developing world and in countries in economic transition.

PROLAW™’s first class of 25 students includes legal professionals from the United States, Australia, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Ethiopia, Georgia, Liberia, Mexico, New Zealand, Nigeria, South Africa, Tanzania, the Kingdom of Tonga, Turkmenistan, Uganda, Uzbekistan, and Zimbabwe. While some students are recent law school graduates interested in public service and human rights, many came to Loyola with extensive experience in rule of law initiatives in their respective countries.

“We are very excited about this unique program in rule of law advising at Loyola, grateful for the financial support being provided by donors, and delighted to welcome this amazing group of students from around the world committed to doing such important work,” says Dean David Yellen.

PROLAW™ is supported by a $1.1 million grant from the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation as well as generous donations from Microsoft Corporation, late Loyola law alumnus Bernard Bradley (JD ’10), Loyola University Chicago Trustee Barry McCabe, the Government of Uganda, and the employers of several students currently enrolled in the program. Recruitment for fall 2012 enrollment is already under way.

For more information, visit luc.edu/prolaw.

**Rule of Law**

**PROLAW launches in Rome**

Following its dedication to promoting international justice and legal reform, the School of Law this fall launched its new LLM program in Rule of Law for Development (PROLAW™) at Loyola’s John Felix Rome Center in Italy. The unique one-year academic program is the first LLM degree program to focus on the practical aspects of rule of law advising. The initiative is aimed at strengthening the quality and sustainability of rule of law initiatives throughout the developing world and in countries in economic transition.

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**By the Numbers**

178

Students enrolled in Loyola’s law program in Rule of Law for Development (PROLAW™) represent 17 countries.

17

Repeating champs

Since the Thomas Tang Moot Court Competition began in 1982, Loyola has won the regional competition 14 times and the national competition nine times.

170

Part-time law faculty members, representing a wide range of expertise, are teaching at the School of Law this semester.
Dean David Yellen (right), with Matthew Kleiman, hosted a dinner for each first-year section this fall.

OUR EXPANDING COMMUNITY

A diverse and accomplished entering class

The School of Law received 5,043 applications this year. For the first time, more than half of the first-year class is from outside Illinois. California and Michigan were the two most represented states outside Illinois. Other demographic highlights for 2011 are shown at right.

ENTRADING CLASS 2011

| Full-time day | 344 |
| Part-time evening | 28 |
| Part-time day | 2 |
| Total students | 374 |
| Men | 119 |
| Women | 155 |
| Students of color | 29.6% |
| Median age | 23 |
| Number of undergraduate schools | 121 |
| Number of majors | 44 |
| OUT OF STATE STUDENTS | 56% |
| LSAT 25-75% | 156-162 |
| LSAT median | 160 |
| GPA 25-75% | 3.13-3.57 |
| GPA median | 3.37 |

STUDENT STATE

117

STUDENTS ARE ENROLLED IN AN EXTERNSHIP COURSE THIS SEMESTER.

59

59 STUDENTS ARE ENROLLED IN AN ONLINE HEALTH LAW DEGREE PROGRAM THIS SEMESTER.

517

MERIT SCHOLARSHIP ASSISTANCE FOR 2011-2012 WENT TO 517 LOYOLA LAW STUDENTS.

KUDOS

Alumni Awards Luncheon honors three

The Alumni Awards Luncheon is an annual School of Law tradition held in the fall. Award recipients are recognized for their professional accomplishments as well as for their service to the community and law school.

This year, more than 160 law alumni, faculty, and friends joined Dean David Yellen and the Alumni Board of Governors at the University Club of Chicago to honor Curt N. Rodin (JD ’75) with the Medal of Excellence, Professor James P. Carey with the Francis J. Rooney/St. Thomas More Award, and James Saranteas (JD ’99) with the St. Robert Bellarmine Award. For a listing of past Alumni Award recipients, visit loyolalaw.edu/alumni.

Institute for Investor Protection kicks off

Recently established at the School of Law with funds from a cy pres award from the class action settlement in Abrams v. Van Kampen Funds Inc., Loyola’s Institute for Investor Protection (IIP) held its first annual symposium in September. The institute was formed as a non-partisan, independent academic center to promote investor protection for the individual consumer and the public, and to shape policy issues affecting investors.

At the symposium, distinguished panelists explored the practical implications of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. Topics included how Dodd-Frank will enhance public investor protection, and how the enactment will impact board of trustee practices and the relationships they have with shareholders, directors, and executives.

Opening remarks were delivered by Hon. William T. Hart (JD ’51), U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois.

LEADERSHIP DEVELOPMENT

RECOGNITION AND HONORS
School of Law celebrates progress, faces new challenges in creating a more inclusive community

The School of Law has made significant strides over the past two years toward building a more diverse community. A heightened emphasis on recruiting students of color has resulted in record-high enrollment of racial minorities in the current first- and second-year classes. And although administrators, faculty, and students are pleased with this progress, the work continues at the law school to ensure an environment that is more attractive to and inclusive of every student, regardless of race, ethnicity, gender, religion, sexual orientation, or political affiliation.

A strong commitment to diversity is inseparable from Loyola’s mission of social justice, equality of opportunity, and service to others. Starting even before the recruitment process—when secondary-school students are just starting to think about the career options open to them—and continuing through graduation and beyond to life as a Loyola law alumn, the School of Law is dedicated to the Jesuit principle of fostering a diverse environment, and structures its curriculum, cocurricular activities, and student services accordingly.

The emphasis on varied perspectives is also key to Loyola’s role as an urban university. “The majority of our alumni practice in Chicago—a large and diverse city,” says St. Ian Reynolds, who is president of the Asian Pacific American Law Students Association (APALSA). “Diversity is valued at the law school, the amount of money, time, and help the administration provides us is evidence of their commitment. They’re fostering an environment that’s a small slice of the real city—and the real world—where we can bounce ideas and perspectives off each other.”

Loyola’s ongoing efforts to build a more diverse community simply translate into better preparation for the practice of law, regardless of the background or career interests of students. “We’re being trained to advocate for people in our community, whether that’s Chicago or anywhere else in the U.S.,” says Janea Raines, a second-year student and president of the Black Law Students Association (BLSA). “As a diverse nation, we all come from different backgrounds, perspectives, and experiences. As legal professionals, in order to truly serve in our communities, we have to remain sensitive to this fact and be prepared to embrace these differences.”

CONTINUES ON PAGE 8

Diverse universe

WIDENING PERSPECTIVES
7) saw its enrollment of underrepresented students in the first-year class. The group also has been a centerpiece of the push to increase diversity and begin their careers, Dean David Yellen started the Dean’s Diversity Council in spring 2007. Meanwhile, Loyola has enjoyed strong success the past several years in increasing the number of students of color in its incoming classes. "We’ve pulled out all the stops on recruiting, including connecting Diversity Council members and current students with accepted students, and it’s really paid off," Yellen says. The result: Loyola minority recruitment is now at a record 29.6 percent.

Active and activist student organizations

Besides having a wide range of students from different backgrounds, the law school makes diversity an important part of the curriculum and cocurriculum. "Our Perspectives on the Law' elective courses look at law from less traditional viewpoints, and our clinical, experiential learning classes, and full-credit courses focus on diverse experiences and audiences," says Michael Kaufman, associate dean for academic affairs. In addition, a large array of service and volunteer initiatives emphasize diverse communities.

For example, the organization for lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgendered students, says diversity within the school is key to ensuring that Loyola’s service mission is fulfilled effectively. "I think Loyola does a genuine job of promoting the Jesuit ideal of service to those less fortunate," she says. "And without diversity in the law school, you run a risk of privileged individuals attempting to determine what is valuable service without the input of groups that may have a better sense of what is needed."

The student affairs office has expanded orientation programming, including introducing incoming 1Ls to the host of student organizations designed for students of different identities. "It’s critical to us that our students don’t feel isolated, that they have a community within the larger community," says Santibanez-Banis. "This year, we have the largest-ever group of student organizations, including the new immigrant’s Rights Coalition." (Also see student profile of Justin McDevitt, page 12.)

Andrew Bashi is an active board member in the Loyola chapter of the National Lawyers Guild, an organization dedicated to social justice issues. He made diversity a priority both in the Loyola guild and at the School of Law in general. With active recruitment, Bashi doubled the number of people of color in the Loyola chapter, and he lobbied for the recruitment of Juan Pena, a renowned civil studies professor, to the Loyola faculty. (See page 16 for a profile of Pena.)

"We have some really great professors who are very active with the GLA,” says Bashi, a 3L who is making a run for student body president. "They have a real personal interest in diversity and minority inclusion in the administration; when they pull out all the stops on recruiting and activism initiatives. OUTLaw recently sent one of the largest groups of any school nationwide to the National Law Review’s Lavender Law Career Fair, from which large firms recruit. The organization also sponsors an annual student mentorship program, networks with chapters at other area law schools, and this year will sponsor a fundraiser for an organization working for LGBTQ legal rights.

"We are very much a minority at the school, but we feel very supported by our administration,” says Kyritsi, a former business manager who plans a career in alternative dispute resolution. “Last year, Dean Yellow hosted a minority law student reception with representatives from the organizations. It was a great, honest opportunity for minority groups to check in with each other and offer feedback to the administration on how we can do a better job of bringing in students. I’d love to see that event made bigger and broader.”

Raines sees her group, BLSA, as a “bridge to professional and career opportunities.” One of the law school’s largest and most active student organizations, BLSA is heavily involved in academic efforts, including the annual Race and Law Symposium and academic success workshops for its membership, as well as service initiatives like mentoring high-school students and fundraising for local and international humanitarian causes. "The administration is our biggest cheerleader," says Raines, a 3L interested in criminal law, family law, and consumer protection. "As a student organization, we’ve limited in resources, but faculty members are always asking how they can help us succeed.”

Chris Nagar (J.D. ’10), a third-year child advocacy fellow and president of the Loyola Law Democrats,

Addis Giselle Santibanez-Banis, associate director of student affairs, “When our students get out in the real world, they don’t know whom their clients, fellow lawyers, or the judges they are standing in front of will be. Preparing for a legal career in a diverse environment helps everyone—especially those who haven’t had a lot of previous contact with minorities.”

Success in boosting minority enrollment

The School of Law has engaged in a multi-pronged effort to expand diversity in its people and perspectives. To provide a forum for alumni, students, faculty, and staff to discuss issues affecting people of color as they go through law school and begin their careers, Dean David Yellen started the Dean’s Diversity Council in spring 2007. “Having this advisory group has been extremely valuable and led to some good programming and initiatives in admissions, career counseling, mentoring, and support,” Yellen says. For instance, the council is now sponsoring the Diversity Mentoring Program, an initiative originally created by Stephen Pugh (J.D. ’79) to match underrepresented students and alumni one-on-one, and is raising money for additional minority scholarships.

MEASURING IMPROVEMENT

Given the past several years, the School of Law has significantly increased its enrollment of underrepresented students in the first-year class.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MINORITY ENROLLMENT</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
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<th>2011</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>African Americans</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Asian Americans</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanics</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>36</td>
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</tbody>
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*Sparse minority enrollment percentages include all minority groups of entering class.

*Diversity Council members especially active) into strategies to help improve the school’s diversity. "It’s critical to us that our students don’t feel isolated, that they have a community within the larger community,” says Santibanez-Banis. “This year, we have the largest-ever group of student organizations, including the new immigrant’s Rights Coalition.” (Also see student profile of Justin McDevitt, page 12.)

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Chris Nagar (J.D. ’10), a third-year child advocacy fellow and president of the Loyola Law Democrats,

*Total minority enrollment percentages (includes all minority groups) of entering class

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Heightening faculty diversity remains a priority

Although the School of Law has been successful in increasing enrollment of underrepresented students, and even though it has a diverse staff that interacts with students daily, there's room for improvement in the area of faculty diversity, students say. “We’re rounding the bend stereotype-wise, but we’re still not concerning about not having enough minorities touching us up, particularly in first-year classes,” Barnes explains. “Solving more diversity in the faculty would expand our horizons and our expectations.”

Abdi Babi, “Not having a really diverse faculty leaves something out for students—not just people of color but all students. We miss the chance to learn about their experiences and how coming from a different racial or socioeconomic status changes the way they perceive the law and how it works.”

The School of Law not only recognizes the issue of limited faculty diversity but has made addressing it a major objective. Besides pursuing traditional methods like the American Association of Law Schools’ annual recruitment conference, which focuses mostly on entry-level faculty, “We’re using every resource and contact we have with colleagues and law communities around the country to attract lateral candidates with teaching and research records that will be a good fit for us,” says Kaufman. “It’s about increasing the applicant pool as much as possible at the front end.”

“The goal is to increase representation and the strength of the American law community in general,” Kyritsi and other student leaders share. Reynolds’ interest in promoting diversity student organizations before the school year gets well under way, so a movement for minority student organizations in the works for future years, says Stambanus-Bana.

Sometimes combines efforts with the much larger undergraduate Loyola Muslim Students Association for service and volunteer programming. Salem, who plays a career in civil rights, criminal law, or anti-tort law, hopes Loyola will host this year’s inter-MLSA mixer for all Chicago law schools.

Last year, the MLSA invited undergraduates to a career panel discussion featuring Muslim lawyers working in the private and public sectors. “We’d like to see more Muslims in the legal community; right now there are relative few,” Salem says. “Especially with the attacks on Muslims right now, many of which have constitutional issues, and with matters involving transactional law—Islamic law prohibits charging interest—many Muslims would like to feel they have legal representation that better understands their particular concerns.”

Led by Reynolds, AMLA focuses on networking for Asian-Americans within the law school, within other Chicago area law schools, in the alumni body, and in the legal community. As an incoming first-year student, Reynolds wished he’d had more contact with AMLA at all even before orientation—after that, you’re immediately elbow-deep in books and stress,” he explains—so this year the organization hosted a series of large and small social events designed to immediately engage Asian-American law.

“It’s hard to overstate the importance of networking for law students,” says Reynolds, who hopes for a career in corporate and securities litigation, bankruptcy, or insurance work. “We get connected at a higher level, too, but working our way into the legal system, we have an equally tight network of Asian American alumni and students. Our goal is to increase representation and the strength of the American law community in general.”

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Preparing for a legal career in a diverse environment helps everyone—especially those who haven’t had a lot of previous contact with minorities.”

— GISELLE SANTIBANEZ BANA, ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, STUDENT AFFAIRS
Student cofounds organization to spread belief into action

The road to law school

After a stint as a paralegal with a Houston law firm, McDevitt was hired by a friend at BBH Inc., a private firm specializing in government infrastructure contracts that was then providing services to the U.S. military in the Middle East. He found himself in Iraq, crunching costs for 12 hours a day, seven days a week—“a great preparation for the hours you put in in law school,” he jokes.

The experience was transformative for McDevitt, exposing him to immigrants’ issues he’d never encountered. “The U.S. Army can’t operate overseas without huge amounts of cheap labor,” he says. “I was making six figures and processing requests for workers brought into Iraq from other countries who were making $5.25 an hour. After 15 months of this, I decided I was ready to go to law school so I could do something about it.”

McDevitt, who converted to Catholicism while in Iraq, chose Loyola because of its Jesuit emphasis on social justice. “I wanted to be in an environment where I could still learn in life as well as in law,” he says. “And I’d always loved Chicago.”

Once at Loyola, he felt his interest in immigrants’ rights by taking a course in immigration law. “I wanted more,” he says, “and I considered spending my third year at the University of Houston, where they have a clinic devoted especially to serving immigrants. But rather than moving to where immigrants’ rights were already being addressed, I decided to try to bring a greater interest in these issues to Loyola.”

With classmate Cynthia Herrera, now a 2L, McDevitt founded the Immigrants’ Rights Coalition, the two now serve as copresidents. The group participates in a variety of academic and service events. This year, it’s hosting a panel discussion about how immigration issues affect children, along with its cosponsors the ChildLaw Society, the Latino Law Students Association, and the Children’s Legal Rights Journal. The coalition also is planning a clinic day at which Loyola students will talk to immigrants about their legal rights, as well as a Thanksgiving fundraiser in a heavily immigrant community.

Expanding awareness

“We’re slowly trying to infuse a lot more awareness so that Loyola becomes a place where people come to discuss this topic,” McDevitt says. “The coalition isn’t the only project claiming McDevitt’s time and passion. He’s a student attorney with Loyola’s Health Justice Project, where he’s currently helping a klient with a disability get his citizen application approved, and serves as editor-in-chief of the Public Interest Law Reporter. McDevitt also is vice president of the International Law Society, feature and student articles editor for the International Law Review, and co-editor-in-chief of the student publication Blackstone.

He never misses an opportunity to study abroad, enrolling in a Loyola course that included a spring break immersion component in Tanzania, and taking a summer research assistance in Santiago. In January, he’ll participate in the London Comparative Advocacy Program.

“I worked full time as an undergraduate, so it’s kind of the pace I feel most at home with,” McDevitt says of his unusually packed schedule.

“Immigration policy is a three-legged race; it needs to be changed in the legal system, in the political system, and culturally.”

— JUSTIN MCDVITT

After graduation, McDevitt plans to pursue his PhD, an additional degree that will complement his law degree as a preparation for policy work.

“Immigration policy is a three-legged race; it needs to be changed in the legal system, in the political system, and culturally,” he says. “All of these aspects have to move together, or the whole system trips. What works may not be fair, and what’s fair may not work. I want to work with community activists, politicians, and legal professionals to create a fair system that makes sense.”
Business Law Clinic helps Chicagoleans make the move to entrepreneurship

In a tough job market, with desirable positions growing scarcer and layoffs epidemic, the option of starting a business or not-for-profit venture is growing increasingly attractive to many. It’s never been a better time for would-be business or not-for-profit venture is growing increasingly attractive to many. It’s never been a better time for would-be entrepreneurs and organizational leaders to turn to the School of Law’s Business Law Clinic (BLC), which provides affordable, quality legal services in keeping with Loyola’s commitment to community service.

Unlike Loyola’s four other law clinics—the ChildLaw Clinic, Community Law Clinic, Federal Tax Clinic, and Health Justice Project—de BLC is 100 percent transactional; no clients are represented in court. Clients receive help with incorporation and business formation, contracts, licenses, intellectual property issues, real estate activities, and labor and administrative matters. Initial consultations are free for all clients, while not-for-profit receive all services pro bono.

Staffed by 14 student clinicians and three attorneys, the BLC allows students to develop essential lawyering skills in a professional, interactive environment. “The opportunity to represent and counsel clients in a live clinical setting allows our students to experience firsthand what it’s like to be business lawyers, and to begin their transition from a student to professional life,” says Shelley Dunck (JD ’10), the BLC’s codirector. All student work is reviewed by one of the three clinical attorneys at the BLC. Codirector Joe Stone, Loyola’s Randy L. and Melvin R. Berlin Clinical Professor of Business Law, Fellow Mary Hanisch’s (LLM ’10), or Dunck. “We also sit in on every student-client meeting, providing assistance and input when needed,” Stone explains, “so we’re supporting our student clinicians every step of the way.”

Building relationships

The clinic, which was established by Stone in 1999, currently has 147 active clients, with another 40 on a waiting list. Many clients stay with the clinic long past the start-up phase, relying on the BLC for help with ongoing business law matters. “We really get to know many of our clients well, and it’s nice to be able to match some students with more mature businesses that have sophisticated legal issues,” Dunck says.

More than 60 percent of BLC clients are not-for-profit ventures involving child and animal welfare, sports clubs, museums, community services, religious organizations, and international aid, among other issues. For-profit clients include entrepreneurs, inventors, service providers, and, increasingly, web-based business owners in diverse industries.

If you know someone who could benefit from the services of the Business Law Clinic, please refer him or her to 312.915.7314, sdunck@luc.edu, or jstone3@luc.edu.

SOMETHING VENTURED, LOTS GAINED

Loyola’s Business Law Clinic helps Chicago-area clients turn good ideas into business and not-for-profit success. Current clients include:

• 19 College Playbook, a not-for-profit that helps African American high-school students prepare for college—and figure out how to pay for it.
• The Backyard Museum of Handbags, the idea behind the LLC is a for-profit limited liability company that combines the financial advantages of a traditional LLC with the social benefits of a not-for-profit.
• Big Shots Basketball, a not-for-profit that runs a basketball travel league for girls in grades four through nine.
• The Man caves, a not-for-profit that establishes housing and green technology job training for disabled veterans.
• Chef Prince Rodney’s Royal Sauces, Inc., which produces a line of barbecue sauces.
• Foundation for U.S. Grant’s Legacy, a venture devoted to improving awareness of President Ulysses Grant’s contributions via tours of his Galena, Illinois, home, college internships, opportunities, commemorative merchandise, and more.
Juan Perea taught for more than 20 years at the University of Florida Levin College of Law in Gainesville. But he missed being in a large city. Now teaching constitutional law, professional responsibility, and critical theory at Loyola, he’s enjoying big-city life and the enthusiasm Loyola students are showing for his passion: social justice.

**Passionate enthusiasm**

SHAPED BY HIS YOUTH: “I was born in Washington, DC. Both of my parents are from Latin America, so Spanish was my first language. It was challenging growing up as a non-English-speaking kid in an English-speaking world because I was harassed and teased a lot. In some ways, those early experiences created a window that led to my research interests much later.”

FILLING IN MISSING HISTORY: “There’s a lot of discrimination that people just aren’t aware of. Early on, I focused on issues like language discrimination in the workplace and accent discrimination, which hadn’t been recognized as significant issues. Later I became interested in the missing history of Latinos in the U.S. For example, Mexican Americans have been part of the U.S. since 1848, when the treaty was signed settling the Mexican-American War. But the overwhelming image of Mexican Americans is that of undocumented and recent arrivals. I’ve also found that what’s true for Latinos is also true for African Americans, Asian Americans, and American Indians. Their history and relation to law aren’t recognized and acknowledged fully in the legal academy.”

HIS LATEST WORK: “A lot of my current work is bringing front and center areas of our legal history that are relatively unexplored and testing their significance. My current research is about the drafting history of the Constitution. There’s a lot of evidence suggesting that the Constitution was a pro-slavery document and that the accommodation of slavery was a very important subject during the Constitutional Convention. My current scholarship asks what constitutional law would look like if we took seriously the idea of a pro-slavery Constitution. Illuminating areas of legal history that haven’t received proper attention or emphasis—that’s what I do.”

DOVETAILING WITH LOYOLA’S MISSION: “I didn’t know Loyola well coming in as a visitor, but I grew to appreciate the collegial atmosphere and the affection and real respect colleagues have for each other. I also really enjoy working with the students. I’ve never encountered a group of students who were so receptive to the things I teach. A lot of my work dovetails with the social justice mission the school has, and many of the students care as deeply about that as I do.”

HE’S GOT THE MUSIC IN HIM: “What would students be surprised to learn about me? I love to dance. I dance to popular music, salsa, tango. Also, I’ve been a musician for a long, long time. I play keyboards, and I think students would be surprised that I can rock and roll. But I like jazz the best. It’s really a lifelong pursuit, always a work in progress.”

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FACULTY PROFILE: MATTHEW SAG

MAKING CONNECTIONS

Star techie

Loyola becomes home to a professor studying how law and technology transform each other

Matthew Sag’s roots are in Australia, but he’s traveled widely during his legal career. He landed at Loyola in July as a full-time faculty member teaching courses in intellectual property and economics, as well as the Property course. At the risk of sounding corny, he says, Loyola’s students are the nicest he’s ever taught.

THE ACCENT GIVES IT AWAY: “If students listen to me for 10 seconds, they’ll realize I’m from Australia. I’m the fourth of four children and the only one not living in Australia.”

AROUND THE WORLD IN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY: “I clerked for a federal court judge in Australia and worked in Australia as a lawyer for a year. Then I worked in London and later in Silicon Valley, California, on a variety of intellectual property transactions. Today, my main research focuses on the economic analysis of intellectual property issues. I just completed an empirical study of fair-use decisions in copyright law. It essentially shows that this area of law, which is very often claimed to be random and unpredictable, is actually far from it. I’ve also written on the Google book-search controversy and the relationship between law and technology in general.”

WHERE LAW AND TECHNOLOGY COLLIDE: “I think law and technology interact with each other. There’s an analogy: imagine you’re watching someone walk a dog on a long leash through the park. If the dog is in front, you could say the dog is leading the human or the human is constraining where the dog goes. Either way, legal issues definitely have affected the path of the development of technology. At the moment, I’m working on research on Internet radio, an area where the legal regime almost killed the industry before it had a chance to get off the ground. We could have had something like Pandora back in the late 1990s. But it took until 2009 for Pandora to become viable because of the law. The relationship between technology and the law isn’t simple. There’s feedback in each direction.”

KINDNESS MATTERS: “The thing I like about Loyola is that it really seems to be a community of excellence, not just a group of individuals trying to get ahead. I’ve taught at many law schools now, and there are bright students everywhere. The students at Loyola aren’t just smart; they’re particularly nice as well. That means a surprising amount, and it actually makes it pleasant to engage with them. The real question is, why is the culture at one school different from another? It might be the Jesuit tradition or the focus on public interest. Or it might be that the school does a lot of things to help students and calm their anxieties—maybe we get some credit for it.”

GUILTY PLEASURES: “I love TV, especially science fiction TV like Doctor Who, Buffy the Vampire Slayer, and Firefly. I also love The Good Wife. But I can’t stand reality TV. I also love dogs. I grew up with an Old English Sheepdog, and I now have a Schnoodle named Zebo.”

A low-tech visual does the trick in Professor Matthew Sag’s Property class.

Start techie

Matthew Sag’s roots are in Australia, but he’s traveled widely during his legal career. He landed at Loyola in July as a full-time faculty member teaching courses in intellectual property and economics, as well as the Property course. At the risk of sounding corny, he says, Loyola’s students are the nicest he’s ever taught.
Paying ‘rent’ by giving back to the profession

Ozon Family Foundation contributes $625,000 for advocacy scholarships

ne of Nat Ozon’s favorite expressions was, “You’ve got to pay a little rent for the space you occupy in this profession.” Nat, who passed away in September, strongly believed that the privileges and prestige that come with being an attorney require giving back to the profession and to the students preparing for it.

“Dad paid his ‘rent’ in a number of ways, but contributing to the education of lawyers was a primary one,” says his son, Laidi Ozon (JD ’76). Nat was a longtime donor to the School of Law, and also taught trial practice as an adjunct faculty member in the 1970s and 1980s. Most recently, he, his wife, June (MEd ’82), and Laidi made a generous gift of $625,000 to establish the Ozon Family Foundation Scholarship Fund for students in advocacy.

A highly regarded leader in personal injury law, Nat was a pioneer in transforming the Structural Work Act into a law that protects construction workers more fully than the Worker Compensation Act. He lectured extensively and contributed many articles to legal publications, and was a faculty member of the National Institute for Trial Advocacy, the Court Practice Institute, and the Illinois College of Advocacy. Nat and Laidi are the first father and son to both serve as president of the Illinois Trial Lawyers Association. As successful as his practice turned out to be, Nat’s pro-law career was the most interesting. The son of a vaudeville performer, Nat joined his father on stage as a child. Later, he built a career as a singer and actor, touring the country as a B-29 bomber pilot over China during World War II. He considered a career in medicine, then chose law school instead.

“Dad’s stage presence, which he held developed as a singer and actor, was very effective for him as a trial lawyer,” Laidi says. “He knew how to position himself for maximum effect. It was a terrifying event for many unfortunate witnesses who were forced to endure his cross examinations.”

Teaching future litigation greats

Among Nat’s students at Loyola were Curt Rodin (JD ’75), Todd Smith (JD ’76), Mark Novak (JD ’77), Joe Power (JD ’78), and Laidi himself—all of whom became trial lawyers of great distinction themselves. Rodin and Novak went on to join Nat at the Chicago firm he founded, now called Anesi, Ozon, Rodin, Novak, & Kohen. Rodin has said that during the 30 years he tried cases at the firm, there wasn’t a single case in which he didn’t ask for Nat’s advice. And Novak recently told Chicago Lawyer magazine, “I never saw a better pure trial lawyer in a courtroom.”

“Nat Ozon was one of the great lawyers of his generation,” says Dean David Yellen. “He was also an exceptional teacher, whether in the classroom or working with the younger lawyers in his firm. We are very fortunate to have benefited from his expertise, and now, his generosity.”

Although Nat was a graduate of Northwestern University Law School, where he was No. 1 in his class, he always felt a special kinship to the University of Chicago, especially in advocacy, in advocacy, Laidi says. “Because of his ‘common man’ background, he was really more interested in giving the little guy a leg-up than in maintaining the status of the more fortunate,” he explains. “So he chose to go into personal injury law—which when he started had a somewhat suspect reputation—to help the common man in his pursuit of justice.”

“He accomplished that, both by changing the law and by helping to elevate the status and prestige of personal injury lawyers.”

Laidi adds, “There’s nearly a lot about Dad’s career that’s fodder for young lawyers as they move into the practice of law. He had a grand respect for both the execution and the ethos of being a lawyer, and led by example in everything he did. I’m proud to be his son.”

‘Education is the best investment we can make’

Alum Chris Hurley and his wife establish new Loyola law scholarship

With a gift of $100,000, Christopher T. Hurley (JD ’84) and his wife, Becky Hurley, have established the Hurley, McKenna & Mertz Scholarship Fund at the School of Law.

The generous gift reflects the couple’s commitment to making quality educational opportunities available to talented students from a range of economic circumstances.

“For a long time now, Becky and I have decided to focus our charitable giving on education,” explains Chris. “From our perspective, education is the best investment we can make—not only in our young people, but also in our community and the world.”

Becky, a real estate and land use lawyer by training, retired in 1994 as a partner from Gardner Carton & Douglas (now Dinkelman Bell). After 15 years with the Chicago firm, she shares Chris’s service ethos: among many other volunteer efforts, she’s a former president of School District 36 in Winnetka, Illinois, and currently chairs Winnetka’s planning commission, including leading efforts to bring affordable housing to the village.

The couple has three college-age children—twins sons at Colgate University and a daughter at the University of Colorado-Boulder. The Hurley family is active with Project Common Hope, an organization that provides assistance and support to the disadvantaged of Guatemala through education, housing, and health care.

Chris’s favorite quote: “We’ve all sat in the shade of a tree we didn’t plant,” encapsulates the couple’s strong belief in extending the same opportunities they received to the next generation of lawyers.

“Legal education provides the framework that makes American prosperity possible,” says Chris. “We feel we have some obligations to plant some trees for the future.”

“That’s particularly true for our very lucky generation,” adds Becky. “If we don’t pay that back and try to leave the world a little better than we found it, that seems ungrateful.”

Christopher T. (JD ’84) and Becky Hurley

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SHARE YOUR STORIES

The law Nat Ozon, a litigation giant

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Chris, who is managing partner at Hurley, McKenna & Mertz, specializes in medical malpractice, nursing home abuse and neglect, car and truck accidents, construction injuries, and premises and product liability. He is a fellow of the American College of Trial Lawyers and the International Academy of Trial Lawyers, has been named a Leading Lawyer in Illinois, and was recently elected to the Board of Governors of the Illinois State Bar Association.

One of the law school’s most consistent and dedicated volunteers, Chris just finished his term as president of the Alumni Board of Governors, on which he has served since 2006. As chair of both Berman SLAM and the Dean’s Circle, he recently helped the law school complete two record donor years. From 2001-08, Chris sponsored Loyola’s annual Hurley, McKenna & Mertz Lecture in Elder Law.

Chris is a wonderful advocate for the law school,” says Dean David Yellen. “We’re honored and delighted that he and Becky have established this scholarship at Loyola. It’s just the kind of support we need at a time when we’re really focused on expanding scholarship opportunities for our students.”

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Sharing a service ethos

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Christopher T. (JD ’84) and Becky Hurley


Margaret Miles gives Rob & Margret & Allen Kavanagh’s An Economic Way to Lessen Poverty Lecture in International Law.

REFERENCES


Dean for Faculty Research and Scholarship, Margaret Moses greets Rick McCombs of Mayer Brown at Loyola’s annual Wing-Tat Lee Scholarship Breakfast. (Thomson/West, 2008) (coauthored).

Sacha Coupet, “Why is it Necessary to Have a Jury Trial?” Chicago Lawyer Fall 2011.


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Randi Saginaw has several forthcoming articles and book reviews.


Book reviews: “The Master Switch” 55 World Competition Law and Economic Review 110 (2009); “The End of Unintended Consequences?, ” in Pro-Employee Case of the United Kingdom of Human Rights. “ He gave another lecture as part of a program on “The Great Recession: Is Transnationalism a significant contribution of service for less than 10 years, and has made to the community. The award was presented in May. John Blum is the 2011 recipient of the Jay Posner Distinguished Health Law Teacher Award for his dedication to the health law field and for challenging his students and peers. The American Society of Law, Medicine, & Ethics (ALM) presented Blum with the prestigious award at the ALM’s 54th Annual Health Law Dinner at Loyola in June. Blum presented his paper “New Governance and Health Reform” at Hamline Law School’s program “Rethinking Regulation” in June of 2012.

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We Must First Take the Constitution” at the 34th Annual ASULM Health Law Professors Conference. This past spring, Sawicki presented an article in progress, “The Hollow Promise of ‘Freedom of Choice’” at Washington University in St. Louis’s Regional Junior Faculty Workshop Series.

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A TAXING PROBLEM

In 2006, HBO introduced America to Bill and Barb Hendrickson, Nicki Grant, and Margie Heffman. In 2010, we met Kody, Meri, Janelle, Christine, and Robyn Brown on TLC. Our new friends differ in significant ways, not the least of which is that some are fictional, while others are real. Still, they have a lot in common. For example, the tax law has no idea how to treat them. Oh, and they’re polygamists.

But wait—why put their taxpaying status ahead of their marital status? Surely their polygamy is more interesting than what they do every April 15th. Nonetheless, neither Big Love nor Sister Wives (neither of which I’ve seen) initially piqued my interest in polygamy; rather, I became interested in polygamy as a result of my ongoing interest in the taxation of families. Because, it turns out, being part of a family, even a traditional family, throws a wrench in the tax system.

As I’ve looked at polygamous families, I’ve discovered that the wrench only becomes bigger. Still, most people find the polygamy side of the equation more interesting than the joint filing side. So, before exploring the tax consequences of polygamy, some polygamy trivia:

- All 50 states have laws banning polygamy.
- “Polygamy” is a catch-all phrase. Technically, one husband and several wives is “polygamy,” while one wife and several husbands is “polyandry.”
- Polyandry is remarkably rare, most polygamous societies are polygynous.
- Up to 150,000 people in the U.S., including, among others, fundamentalist Mormons and some African and Hmong immigrants, live in polygamous families.
- Polygamy is grossly unpopular in the U.S.: 90 percent of Americans consider polygamy immoral.
- Polygamous spouses cannot file a joint tax return.
- In MANY CASES, THE ECONOMIC UNITY THAT SHOULD UNDERLIE JOINT FILING IS ILLUSORY AT BEST.

The contradictions of joint returns

That last point bears repeating: polygamous spouses cannot file a joint tax return. And why does joint filing matter? Essentially, joint filing treats a married couple as a single economic unit, with its own marginal tax rates. Joint filing creates a zone of privacy for married couples: because spouses are treated as a single taxpayer, the government disregards any transactions between them. They can structure their economic life in whatever manner works for them, transferring assets between themselves as they see fit. They do not need to keep track of how money and property flow between them.

But although we think of joint filing as natural, it has been controversial since the implementation of the modern federal income tax. In some cases, joint filing can result in a marriage bonus, where a married couple pays less in taxes than two unmarried people with the same income. In others, it creates a marriage penalty, where the married couple pays more. Critics have accused joint filing of discouraging women from taking paid employment, and they have accused it of not reflecting economic reality—in many cases, the economic unity that should underlie joint filing is illusory at best.

Stretching joint filing to the breaking point

Currently, because neither state nor federal law recognizes polygamous marriages, polygamists don’t have to worry about how to file their taxes; like any other taxpayer who is not in a two-person heterosexual marriage, polygamists must file their returns as unmarried individuals. But imagining a world in which the federal tax law recognized polygamous marriages allows us to explore the limits to which joint filing can be stretched. And, it turns out, polygamy would stretch joint filing to the breaking point.

Why? Because, for tax purposes, polygamy differs not just quantitatively from traditional marriage, but also qualitatively. As I started exploring the tax consequences of polygamy, I intended to propose some tweak of the current marginal rate structure that could accommodate polygamous taxpayers. I discovered, though, that any alteration that might work for polygamous taxpayers would introduce significant complexity into an already-complex tax law. The added complexity might be acceptable if the new joint-filing system were significantly fairer than the current regime, but none of the alterations significantly improved fairness.

And so, in spite of my initial expectations, I discovered that polygamy arguments for abandoning joint filing in favor of taxing each individual on his or her income. Any shift in the tax law, including a shift from joint to individual filing, creates winners and losers. Still, the polygamy hypothetical supports arguments that individual filing is the fairest way to ass tax liabilities.

Polygamy’s implications for taxation do not end with individual filing, however. In spite of the overwhelming evidence that individual filing is fairer than joint filing, the tax system must still take family into account. Otherwise, spouses would need to quantify and account for the way property and services flow between them, an invasive burden to place on families. Ultimately, though figuring out how to tax individuals on their income while acknowledging informal familial economies will bring us one step closer to a fair tax system.

Hypothesizing filing for multiple-spouse families sheds light on the shortcomings of joint returns

Professor Samuel Brunson, a member of the Capela faculty since 2009, previously practiced law with Willkie Farr & Gallagher LLP and clerked for the Honorable George W. Miller on the U.S. Court of Federal Claims. His research interests include taxation of investments and investors. In addition to exploring taxation of professional traders and investment fund managers, he explores tax consequences to tax-exempt organizations that invest through investment funds and to minors who invest and earn a return on their money. Professor Brunson teaches Business Organizations, Federal Income Tax, and International Tax.
Loyola Law alumni are leaders in local and national firms, courthouses, public interest organizations, classrooms, and other venues. Here’s an update of what your classmates have been doing. Share your own news by contacting Elisabeth Brokover at ebrooko@luc.edu, 312.915.6911 (fax), or by visiting the Loyola Alumni website.

Celebrating milestones

More than 250 alumni and friends gathered for the 2011 Law Reunion on September 24. Kelly (left), Karen Kohl, Michele Labus, and Amy Wolman (right) (JD '70) reunited for a convivial evening with classmates.

Charles D. Connor (JD ’83) recently testified before the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense on behalf of the American Lung Association, of which he serves as president and CEO.

Mary L. Link (JD ’98) has been named a vice president and general counsel of Akron Children’s Hospital (ACH) in Ohio. She was most recently based in Wisconsin, providing legal services for ACH through Akron law firm Brone McDowell in its healthcare practice group.

Joseph J. Morford (JD ’91) was named the 2012 Cleveland Mass Tort Litigation Lawyer of the Year by Best Lawyers in America. He is the managing partner at the Cleveland law firm Tucker Ellis & West, where he focuses his practice on mass tort, business, and product liability litigation matters.

Andrew R. Turner (JD ’91) was selected as an at-large trustee on the Board of Governors of the Illinois State Bar Association.

Jennifer M. Flores (JD ’85) was named among the Best Lawyers in America 2011 in its annual reference guide of outstanding attorneys. She is a real estate attorney at the law firm GrayRobinson P.A. in Tampa, Florida.

Benjamin Cipriano (BA ’85, JD ’88) has been named the 2012 Chicago Environmental Law Lawyer of the Year by Best Lawyers. He was also recently named to the 2012 Best Lawyers in America list for environmental law. Cipriano is a partner at Schiff Hardin LLP in Chicago.

Marla S. Georges (JD ’88), former chief attorney for the City of Chicago during the Daley administration, has joined Katten Muchin Rosenman LLP as counsel.

Larry N. Hyman (JD ’80) is a partner in the Chicago office of Sidley Austin LLP and a member of the firm’s executive committee. He is also cochair of the firm’s Corporate Reorganization and Bankruptcy group.

John P. Vail (BA ’77, JD ’80) was selected for inclusion in the 2011 Illinois Super Lawyers publication. He is an attorney in Quarles & Brady’s Chicago office.

Steven H. Levin (JD ’80), cofounder and president of the law firm Levin & Waldon, has been appointed chair of the board of Bank of Lake County. The bank has served as a member of the bank’s board for the past six years.

L. Steven Platt (JD ’79) has joined the Chicago office of Clark Hill PLC. He was most recently in private practice with Polk Dorset & Platt. Platt focuses his practice in the areas of labor and employment, litigation and dispute resolution, and corporate and business counseling.

Steven M. Puiszis (JD ’79) recently served as the editor of DRI’s report on judicial independence, titled “Without Fear or Favor in 2011, a New Decade of Challenges to Judicial Independence and Accountability.” Puiszis is a partner in the Chicago office of Meshbesher & Coletti LLP. He is a member of DRI’s Board of Directors and the chair of DRI’s Judicial Task Force. Puiszis is also a member of the Association of Defense Trial Attorneys and the International Association of Defense Counsel, and is the former president of the Illinois Association of Defense Counsel. He is the author of Illinois Governmental Tort and Section 1983 Civil Rights Litigation (Matthew Bender, 3rd ed., 2008).

Stuart M. Zuckerman (JD ’81) has been appointed a partner in the Chicago law firm of Kubasiak, Fylstra, Thorpe, & Rotunno. He is a partner and chair of the firm’s Corporate Reorganization and Bankruptcy group.

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Bernard J. Beazley, staunch supporter of the School of Law

Bernard J. Beazley was one of the law school’s greatest benefactors.

Kathy J. Janea (JD ’77) first got to know Bernie when she worked with him and Mitch Beazley (JD ’76), the law school’s CEO, and they both served on the School’s strategic framework beginning in 2000. “He was my hero,” she says simply. “The more time I spent with him over the years, the more I found that his generosity spread everywhere; he was all about love and service and making everyone around him feel special.”

“In Memoriam

**1940 – 2013**

He called a ‘Mother Loyola.’ That was the fond way in which Bernard described Beazley in 2011, when he passed away. “Bernie is a true special person,” he said.

Bernie and his wife, Kathy, who died earlier this year, were among the law school’s most constant boosters. In 2006, they contributed $5 million to support the Institute for Health Law and Policy, now the Beazley Institute for Health Law and Policy. He also contributed $2.5 million to endow the law school’s Kathy Beazley Chair in Child Law in honor of his wife, and established the Kathleen and Bernard Beazley Research Professorship and several student scholarships.

Most recently, Bernie provided one of four scholarships from a private individual for PBX1LW’s Loyola’s new LLM program in Rules of Law for Development (also see page 5). The gift of $500,000 will provide full tuition for one of the first students in the program.

Bernie served as a University Trustee since 2007.

Bernie came to the School of Law in 1945, minus a high school diploma, once his education, like that of many others, had been interrupted during World War II. Then, Dean John C. Fitzgerald was impressed by Bernie’s intelligence and talent, and helped him complete the prerequisites to enter law school in 1947. After graduating, Bernie worked in-house counsel for the American Dental Association before beginning a long career as general counsel and, later, senior vice president for Dentply International. He continued to serve on the company’s board of directors until 1993.

Bernie was a whole person of human experience but faced everything the same—he was upbeat and optimistic and had a great sense of humor. He was truly a special person.”

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The School of Law’s recent momentum is matched by progress across the University. Following is a snapshot of the latest Loyola news.

**Chicago mayor discusses first 100 days**

Chicago Mayor Rahm Emanuel discussed the successes and ongoing battles of his first 100 days in office at a Better Government Association-sponsored event at Loyola’s School of Communication. Andy Shaw, president and CEO of the association, interviewed Emanuel, who fielded questions on transparency in city government, the privatization of city services, a property tax hike, the use of Tax Increment Financing (TIF) district funds, and a longer school day in the Chicago Public Schools, among other topics.

**Gentle Center renovation complete**

Renovation of the Gentle Center on the Lake Shore Campus is scheduled for completion this semester. Upper concrete seating has been added and a wood court has been installed. The lifelong Rambler fan for whom the center is named, the late Joseph J. Gentle III ‘48, made a generous $3.5 million gift to support the building of the center. He passed away October 10.

**Homecoming Weekend debuts**

Ramblers returned to the fold to celebrate Loyola’s first-ever Homecoming Weekend October 14-16. Homecoming Weekend is an elaborate recreation of what was formerly known as Family Weekend. Instead of focusing only on students and their families that weekend, the University now welcomes everyone to campus to engage in celebrations that boost Rambler pride and give alumni a chance to reconnect and reminisce.

**MARK YOUR CALENDAR FOR THESE 2012 SCHOOL OF LAW EVENTS.**

For more information, visit luc.edu/law/alumnievents.

Jan

- Thursday, January 5
  - Washington, DC Law Alumni Reception

- Thursday, January 19
  - Young Alumni Networking Lunch

- Thursday, January 26
  - 1L Monitoring Dinner

Feb

- Friday, February 10
  - International Law Review Conference
  - “International Commercial Arbitration”

- Wednesday, February 15
  - Speed Networking Night

- Thursday, February 16
  - Public Interest Law Society Auction

- Friday, February 24–Sunday, February 26
  - Norman Amaker Public Interest Law and Social Justice Retreat
  - “Breaking Barriers and Building Bridges: Public Interest Initiatives for a Better Tomorrow”

- Tuesday, February 28
  - Michael Shabat Reception and Scholarship Dinner

Mar

- Friday, March 16
  - Public Interest Law Review Symposium
  - “Use of Legal and Nonlegal Methods to Create Policy Reform”

- Thursday, March 29
  - Tax Law Program Alumni Reception

- Friday, March 30
  - Race and the Law Symposium

Apr

- Wednesday, April 4
  - New York Law Alumni Fast Class Reception
  - Jon Law Professor Cynthia Ho for a Fast Class discussion, “Access to Medicine in the Global Economy,” and network with local Loyola alumni

- Friday, April 13
  - Loyola University Chicago Law Journal Conference
  - “The Future of Class Action and Alternative Methods”

May

- Wednesday, April 24
  - St. Louis Law Alumni Fast Class Reception
  - Jon Law Professor Laura Caldwell (JD ’10) for a Fast Class discussion, “Freedom Is Just the Beginning” and network with local Loyola alumni

Wed

- Wednesday, May 2
  - Dwarf’s Circle Lunchmen

Sat

- Saturday, May 19
  - School of Law Commencement
  - Gentile Center, Lake Shore Campus

Zaphrie Burton, Melanie Younger, and Sorrin Hawkins (J2 ‘11)
The rewards of gift planning

Through an estate gift, charitable trust, charitable gift annuity, or other deferred charitable gift, your legacy gift can play an essential role in securing the School of Law’s future. We will work with you to help you plan for tomorrow—and enjoy maximum benefits today.

• Receive a current income tax deduction
• Eliminate long-term capital gains tax
• Increase income and effective rate of return
• Reduce possible estate and gift taxes

To discuss your charitable objectives and learn more about how your gift can make a difference at the School of Law while benefiting you and your loved ones, visit LUC.edu/plannedgiving or contact the Office of Planned Giving at 800.424.1513 or plannedgiving@luc.edu.